

# MC4K025X-N | DATASHEET

## Macro lens for 4k line scan cameras, magnification 0.250x, M42x1 FD 10.56 mount



# REACH DOSSIER

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

### **Optical specifications**

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Magnification	(x)	0.250
Magnification Range	(x)	0.205 - 0.295
Image circle	(mm)	28.7
Max sensor size		4k, APS-C
Working distance <sup>1</sup>	(mm)	346.1
Focal length	(mm)	78
f/N		6.8
$Wf/N^2$		8
Distortion typical (max) <sup>3</sup>	(%)	< 0.08 (0.10)
Field depth <sup>4</sup>	(mm)	13.4
Resolution (max) <sup>5</sup>	(µm)	20.0

#### **Mechanical specifications**

Mount <sup>6</sup>		M42x1 FD 10.56
Filter thread		M30.5 x 0.5
Phase adjustments <sup>7</sup>		Yes
Length <sup>8</sup>	(mm)	115.9
Outer diameter	(mm)	52.0
Mass	(g)	482

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Working distance: distance between the front end of the mechanics and the object. Set this distance within  $\pm 3\%$  of the nominal value for maximum resolution and minimum distortion.

#### **KEY ADVANTAGES**

#### Macro design

Achieve unmatched resolution in critical applications: these objectives consistently deliver superior image quality than standard fixed focal length lenses used with extension tubes.

#### **Exceptional low distortion**

Perform measurement tasks with a high degree of accuracy and reliability.

#### **Optimized aperture**

For each magnification, the F/# is optimized to ensure the best field depth and image resolution.

#### **Easy front filter insertion**

Thanks to the front M30.5x0.5 thread

**MC4K series** is a collection of macro lenses fitting both 4 K line scan cameras and matrix detector cameras over 4/3". These lenses are specifically designed for macro imaging, as opposed to infinite conjugate lenses with added spacers, a common alternative unable to deliver the same optical performance.

#### **FIELD OF VIEW**

Sensors	(mm)
Line - 2k x 5µm (10.24 mm)	40.96
Line - 2k x 5µm (14.34 mm)	57.36
APS-C IMX342 (23.36 x 16.77 mm x mm)	93.44 x 67.08
Line - 2k x 5µm (20.48 mm)	81.92
Line - 2k x 5µm (28.67 mm)	114.68

- <sup>3</sup> Percent deviation of the real image compared to an ideal, undistorted image. Typical (average production) values and maximum (guaranteed) values are listed.
- $^4$  At the borders of the field depth the image can be still used for measurement but, to get a very sharp image, only half of the nominal field depth should be considered. Pixel size used for calculation is 7  $\mu m$ .
- <sup>5</sup> Object side, calculated with the Rayleigh criterion with  $\lambda$ = 520 nm
- <sup>6</sup> FD stands for Flange Distance (in mm), defined as the distance from the mounting flange to the camera detector plane.
- <sup>7</sup> Indicates the availability of an integrated camera phase adjustment feature
- <sup>8</sup> Measured from the front end of the mechanics to the camera flange.

#### **COMPATIBLE PRODUCTS**

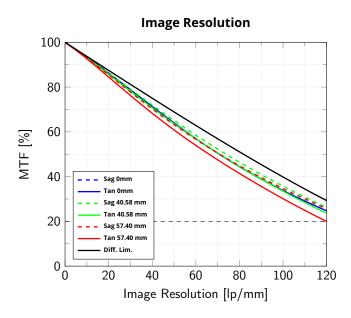
#### Full list of compatible products available here.



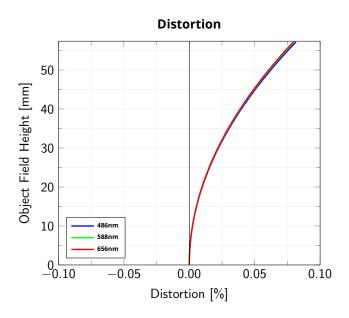
A wide selection of innovative machine vision components.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> working f/N: the real f/N of a lens in operating conditions.

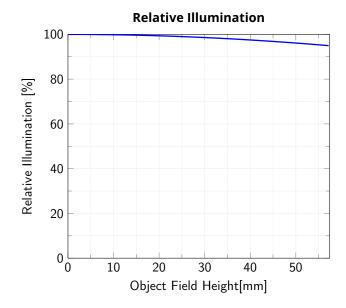




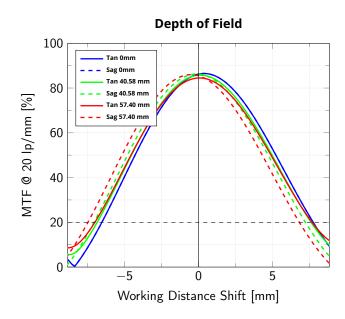
Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) vs. Image Resolution, wavelength range 486 nm - 656 nm. Fields in legend are represented as distance from the optical axis to the corner of the field of view



Object Field Height vs. Distortion, from the optical axis to the corner of the field of view



Relative illumination vs. Object Field Height, from the optical axis to the corner of the field of view



Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) @ 20 lp/mm vs. Working Distance Shift from the best focus Working Distance, wavelength range 486 nm - 656 nm. Fields in legend are represented as distance from the optical axis to the corner of the field of view